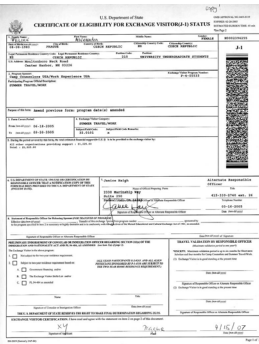




Middlebury

# Guide for J-1 Exchange Visitors



Middlebury

**Review DS-2019 → Go to U.S. Consulate → Apply for J-1 Visa → Travel → Middlebury!**

## Step 1: Read your DS-2019

- Your **NAME** and **DATE OF BIRTH** must be exactly as they appear on your passport. If they are not correct, please contact International Student & Scholar Services (ISSS) at [iss@middlebury.edu](mailto:iss@middlebury.edu) immediately.
- Check your **START DATE** (“From”) and **END DATE** (“To”) in Box # 3 to make sure it is correct and matches your contract, invitation, or admission letter.
  - You may enter the U.S. up to 30 days before this date.
  - You may stay in the U.S. for purposes of tourism for up to 30 days after this date, as long as your program allows it.

*If there is any change to your contract, invitation letter, or arrival date, contact ISSS for an updated DS-2019.*

- Box #5 shows the estimated financial support from Middlebury or another funding source.

<b>3. Form Covers Period:</b> From (mm-dd-yyyy): 06-10-2009 To (mm-dd-yyyy): 08-15-2009	<b>4. Exchange Visitor Category:</b> Professor, Research Scholar, Short-term Scholar, Student Degree, Student Non-degree Subject/Field Code: XX.XXXX      Subject/Field Code Remarks: Brief description of program
<b>5. During the period covered by this form, the total estimated financial support (in U.S. \$) is to be provided to the exchange visitor by:</b> Current Program Sponsor funds : \$. Total : \$	
<b>Total = Your salary and/or funding from Middlebury, funds from another sponsor, and/or personal funds.</b>	

- **Sign your name at the bottom of the form.** If you have dependents (a spouse, or children under the age of 21) entering the U.S. in J-2 status, they will each receive a DS-2019 form to apply for their J-2 visas. If you intend to bring your dependents to the U.S. with you and you have not received separate DS-2019s for your dependents, please contact ISSS immediately at [iss@middlebury.edu](mailto:iss@middlebury.edu).

## Step 2: Check that your Passport is Valid

- Your passport should be valid for at least six (6) months beyond the date you intend to remain in the U.S.



*(Because citizens of Canada and Bermuda are not usually required to present a visa at the U.S. border, citizens of Canada and Bermuda may skip ahead to Step 4.)*

## Step 3: Obtain a J-1 Visa

- Citizens of all countries (except Canada and Bermuda) must have a J-1 visa to enter the U.S. as an Exchange Visitor. Apply for a J-1 Exchange Visitor visa well in advance of your planned travel to the U.S. To find the U.S. embassy or consulate nearest to you, please consult: <http://www.usembassy.gov/>
- You must schedule a personal interview for the visa application at a U.S. Consulate or Embassy. It may take a few weeks to secure an appointment, so please initiate your visa application as early as possible. Before your interview, practice answering questions in English about your plans in the U.S., and your plans after you return home. Remember that J-1 status is a *nonimmigrant* status with intent to return to your home country. If your spouse and/or children will remain in your home country, be prepared to explain how they will support themselves without your sending them money from the U.S. Be positive and respond to questions with clear, concise answers.
- After your visa interview, your application may require further administrative processing, which may take several weeks. The consular officer will notify you if further processing is necessary for your application. Most officials request additional administrative processing based on the applicant's country of origin, or if the program of study is considered to be in a sensitive field. If your application is subject to administrative processing, you must simply wait until the Consulate makes a decision.
- If your visa is approved:
  - As soon as you receive your passport with the visa sticker from the Consulate, please look at the visa type to confirm that a J-1 visa was issued.
  - If another visa type was granted in error, you should inform the Consulate immediately. It should be easy to correct the visa type if you inform them as soon as you receive the visa.  
***In the case of an error: If you leave the Consulate without correcting the visa type, it is extremely difficult or impossible to correct it later. Failure to correct an error like this may prevent you from participating in your program with Middlebury.***
- If your visa is denied:
  - Ask for the reason for the denial in writing.
  - Contact ISSS so we can determine next steps.



For more information, please visit the following U.S. Department of State website at:  
<https://travel.state.gov/content/travel/en/us-visas/visa-information-resources/visa-denials.html>

## Obtaining a Visa



To apply for a J-1 Exchange Visitor visa, there are several steps. The order of these steps and the way you complete them may vary at the U.S. Embassy or Consulate where you will apply. Therefore, please consult the instructions available on the website of the consulate or embassy where you will apply.

The basic steps are:

1. Complete the Online Non-immigrant Visa Application (Form DS-160)
2. Schedule a Visa Interview (You will need your SEVIS ID number from your DS-2019)
3. Prepare for Your Interview
  - A. Pay the non-refundable visa application fee, if required to do so before your interview. (The amount can be found at: <https://travel.state.gov/content/travel/en/us-visas/study/exchange.html>.)
  - B. You may also be required to pay a Visa Issuance fee. This fee varies by country. To determine if you have to pay a Visa Issuance fee, ask the Consulate or see: <https://travel.state.gov/content/travel/en/us-visas/Visa-Reciprocity-and-Civil-Documents-by-Country.html>.
  - C. Gather required documentation:
    - Passport
    - Form DS-160 Confirmation Page
    - Application fee payment receipt(s), if required to pay before the interview
    - Photo – you will upload a photo while completing the DS-160. However, if the upload fails, you must bring a photo with you. For photo requirements, see: <https://travel.state.gov/content/travel/en/passports/requirements.html>.
    - Form DS-2019—*Certificate of Eligibility for Exchange Visitor (J-1) Status*, along with your I-901 SEVIS Fee Receipt, and ELP Verification form.
  - D. Additional documents that may be required include, but are not limited to, evidence of:
    - The purpose of your travel (i.e. your contract or invitation letter);
    - Your intent to depart the United States after your travel;
    - Your ability to pay all travel costs; and/or
    - Other documents the consular officer may request.

Evidence of employment and/or your family ties may be sufficient to show the purpose of your travel and your intent to return to your home country. You may show evidence that another person will cover some or all costs for your travel.

- E. Attend Your Visa Interview

**For the most current and accurate information regarding applying for a J-1 Exchange Visitor visa, consult: <https://travel.state.gov/content/travel/en/us-visas/study/exchange.html>**

# Step 4: Travel to the U.S.

>>> **Do not enter the U.S. on a Tourist Visa or through the Visa Waiver Program.** <<<

Carry:

- Passport
- DS-2019
- SEVIS fee receipt
- Contract, invitation, or admission letter from Middlebury
- Financial support documentation, if not referenced in your letter from Middlebury

Place these documents in a folder or envelope that you will have with you at all times during your travel.

The U.S. Customs & Border Patrol (CBP) Official may ask you questions upon your entry.

- If you are asked about your source of funding or your “intentions,” show your Middlebury contract, invitation letter, or admission letter.
- The border official will “admit” you to the U.S. by scanning your passport to generate an electronic arrival record, stamping your passport and writing: “J-1 D/S” (Duration of Status) on the stamp.
- **Before leaving the U.S. Customs & Border Protection (CBP) area, be sure to check that your passport was date stamped with “J-1 D/S” written on the stamp. Failure to correct an error like this could prevent you from participating in your program with Middlebury.**

If the CBP Official admits you to the United States, an *I-94 Arrival/Departure Record* will be created in an electronic format and will NOT be provided to you at the port of entry, in most cases. You may receive a hard copy, paper version of the Form I-94 at land border ports of entry or in special circumstances.

You will be able to generate a paper version of the Form I-94 at [www.cbp.gov/I94](http://www.cbp.gov/I94) should you need a copy to apply for immigration or public benefits, such as a Social Security number.



### Most Recent I-94

Admission (I-94) Record Number : ██████████  
Most Recent Date of Entry: 2018 February 12  
Class of Admission : J1  
Admit Until Date : D/S  
Details provided on the I-94 Information form:

Last/Surname : ██████████  
First (Given) Name : ██████████████████████  
Birth Date : ██████████  
Passport Number : ██████████  
Country of Issuance : ██████████

[Get Travel History](#)

- ▶ Effective April 26, 2013, DHS began automating the admission process. An alien lawfully admitted or paroled into the U.S. is no longer required to be in possession of a preprinted Form I-94. A record of admission printed from the CBP website constitutes a lawful record of admission. See 8 CFR § 1.4(d).
- ▶ If an employer, local, state or federal agency requests admission information, present your admission (I-94) number along with any additional required documents requested by that employer or agency.
- ▶ Note: For security reasons, we recommend that you close your browser after you have finished retrieving your I-94 number.

[For inquiries or questions regarding your I-94, please click here](#)

[Accessibility](#) | [Privacy Policy](#)

**LEFT:** Electronic Form I-94 is available at [www.cbp.gov/I94](http://www.cbp.gov/I94). Upon entering the U.S., you will receive instructions to access this website.

**BELOW:** Paper version of the Form I-94. This will only be issued if you enter the U.S. at a land border or in special circumstances.



OMB No. 1603-0111  
Expiration Date: 02/28/2016

## SPECIAL NOTES

- **The 212(e) Two Year Home Residence Requirement**

You may be subject to this requirement if your field of work is considered a priority area in your home country, or if you receive government funds to support your program. If you are subject, you may be required to spend a total of two years in your home country after you finish your J-1 program in the U.S. before applying for U.S. Legal Permanent Residency, L, H, or K visa status.

To learn more about this requirement, please visit: <https://travel.state.gov/content/travel/en/us-visas/study/exchange.html#overview>.

- **30-Day Grace Period**

Upon completion of your program, you will have a 30-day grace period to remain in the United States for purposes of tourism, and to prepare to depart the United States. Work is not allowed during these grace periods. Some programs may require you to leave immediately following your program end date.

For more information: <https://travel.state.gov/content/travel/en/us-visas/study/exchange.html#overview>.

**If you have any questions, please contact International Student & Scholar Services (ISSS).**

**Email: [iss@middlebury.edu](mailto:iss@middlebury.edu)**

**Phone: (802) 443-5858**

**This guide was prepared by ISSS.  
Information is up-to-date as of March 16, 2022.**